

स्नातकपरीक्षा: – 2014
बि.ए. II, विद्वन्मध्यमा – द्वितीयवर्षः
भाषापत्रिका
पत्रिका – 2
विषयः – English

दिनाङ्कः – 21.03.2014

गरिष्ठाङ्काः -100

समयः – मध्याह्ने 2 तः 5 पर्यन्तम्

Max Marks 100

I. Choose the appropriate answer to the following questions:

10 x 02 = 20

1. “Stopping by words on a Snowy Evening” is a poem written by _____ .

- A. Sarojini Naidu
- B. William Shakespeare
- C. Robert Frost
- D. Leo Tolstoy

2. “God may or may not have accepted my pilgrimage, but He has certainly accepted his ! ”

Identify the speaker ?

- A. Elisha Bodrof
- B. Efim Tarasitch Shevelef
- C. The old woman
- D. Elisha’s eldest daughter-in-law

3. After the path had been closed, the person who came to talk to Michael obi about it was the _____

- A. Assistant teacher
- B. Nancy
- C. Village priest
- D. White supervisor

4. Merchant of Venice is a -----

- A. Drama
- B. Poem
- C. Short story
- D. Novel

5. Good man, do not despair. God is great. I have five sons one of them will take the food to Rakshasa”

Identify the speaker

- A. The brahmana
- B. Yudhistira
- C. Kunti Devi
- D. The brahmana’s wife

6. The author of the poem ‘Coromandel Fisher’ is -----

- A. Robert Frost
- B. C. Rajagopalachari
- C. William Shakespeare
- D. Sarojini Naidu

7. “The Quality of mercy is not strain’d,
It droppeth as the gentle rain from heaven
Upon the place beneath: it is twice blest;
It blesseth him that gives and him that takes”

Identify the speaker

- A. Antonio
- B. Portia
- C. Shylock
- D. Bassanio

8. ----- was a bee-keeper in 'Two old Men'
- A. The Pilgrim
 - B. The old woman
 - C. Efim Tarasitch Shevelef
 - D. Elisha Bodrof
9. Bernard's daughter married a barber because:
- A. She loved him
 - B. Wanted to go away from the accursed house
 - C. The barber was rich
 - D. Her dream of the operatic stage didn't come through.
10. The speaker stops by the woods in the poem 'Stopping by woods on a snowy Evening'
- A. To see the fires burning
 - B. To see the stars twinkling
 - C. To hear the harness bells
 - D. To see the woods fill up with snow

II. Answer any four of the following questions in about half a page each. 04 x 05 = 20

1. State briefly the thoughts and feelings of Bernard and Madame Bernard in the story, 'The Accursed House'.
2. Explain briefly the role played by Shylock in the court scene of The Merchant of Venice.
3. How did the village priest try to convince Michael Obi that the path was important to the villagers? Why did Obi fail to understand the feelings of the villagers?
4. Write a brief note on the character of the brahmana's wife in 'Slaying of Bakasura'
5. Write a brief note on the character of the Elisha Bodrof in 'Two old Men'
6. Write a brief note on the character of the brahmana in 'Slaying of Bakasura'

III. Answer any two of the following questions (choosing one from poetry) in about a page each:- 02 x 10 = 20

1. Give a summary of the poem 'Coromandel Fishers'
2. Write a note on the role played Portia in the prescribed court scene in 'The Merchant of Venice'
3. Write the summary of the poem 'Stopping by woods on a snowy Evening'
4. Write a note on the character of Efim Tarasitch Shevelef in 'Two old Men'

Part-B

IV. Read the following passage and answer the questions that follow;-

It is probably in the middle of December 1881; Narendranath went to meet Ramakrishna Paramahansa. Almost the first thing he did was to ask him a question which he had asked several others. He had asked one question, "Sir, have you seen God? Without a moment's hesitation, the master replied, "Yes I have. I see him as clearly as I see you- only in much intense sense". This meeting of the ancient world and the modern world as well as the dialogue between the East and the West, for Sri Ramakrishna represented the ancient India, where as Narendra represented the modern world.

Sri Ramakrishna Paramahansa found the potentialities of young Narendra who won him over by his pure and unselfish love with intensity. Narendra became a frequent visitor to Dakshineswar and began to make rapid strides on spiritual path. In July 1884, his father died unexpectedly. Then arrived another calamity that Sri Ramakrishna Paramahansa was falling ill with cancer of throat. Then the master was shifted to a rented villa at Kossipore on the outskirts of Kolkata. The master instilled in the young men the spirit of brotherly love and affection for one another.

The master passed away in August 1886. His fifteen disciples, under the leadership of Narendra, took formal vows of Sanyasa assuming new names. Narendra changed his name to 'Vivekananda'. He began to live together in a house at Baranogore at Kolkata. The mortal remains of Sri Ramakrishna Paramahansa were presented in the new monastery and centered on it. There began the worship of Sri Ramakrishna Paramahansa. It was from these humble beginnings that Ramakrishna Paramahansa Mutt started, which now has branches all over the world. They have developed in every corner of the world.

(a) Answer the following questions in one word.

10 x 01 = 10

1. When did Narendranath meet Sri Ramakrishna Paramahansa?
2. Which was the first question asked by Narendra to Sri Ramakrishna Paramahansa?
3. What was the reply of Sri Ramakrishna Paramahansa?
4. Sri Ramakrishna Paramahansa represented _____.
5. Narendra represented _____.
6. How did Narendra win over Sri Ramakrishna Paramahansa?

7. Sri Ramakrishna Paramahansa was suffering from _____.
- (a) Kidney failure (b) Heart trouble
(c) Throat cancer (d) T.B
8. What did Sri Ramakrishna Paramahansa instill in the young men?
9. What was the name of Narendra, as a sanyasi?
10. When did master pass away?

(b) Answer the following questions in three to four sentences each.

02 x 03 = 06

11. What were the developments which took place after the death of Sri Ramakrishna Paramahansa?
12. Write a note on the relationship that existed between Sri Ramakrishna Paramahansa and Narendra.

V. Convert the sentences from active to passive voice :-

01 x 04 = 04

1. The cat killed the mouse.
2. The peon is opening the gate.
3. Rama helps hari.
4. The police have caught all the thieves.

VI. Identify the figures of speech :-

01 x 04 = 04

1. He fought like a lion.
2. The moon is smiling in the sky.
3. The camel is the ship of the desert.
4. It is as sweet as honey.

VII. Fill in the blanks with suitable conjunctions given in the bracket;-

02 x 01 = 02

(but, or, so)

1. Jayanth was very ill _____ he could not attend the meeting.
2. He is slow _____ he is steady.

VIII. Fill in the blanks with suitable forms of verbs given in the bracket;-

01 x 04 = 04

1. Ashoka _____ his homework now. He usually _____ it at night. (do)
2. Amith generally _____ very well. But today he _____ very badly. (play)

IX. Translate the passage from Samskrit to English;-

01 x 10 = 10

संस्कृतमित्यर्वाचीनं नाम । असंस्कृतमेव प्रतनम् । यां गीर्वाणवाणीमाचक्षिरे । देववाणीमाचक्षिरे ।
परस्तात् कविभिर्विभूषितं वर्णरञ्जितं संस्कृतं बभूव । यत् पाणिनिप्रभृतिभिः पर्यष्कारि च समस्कारि च । पुराणी
गैर्वाणी वाणी सर्वशुक्ला, सरस्वतीत्याख्यायत । यां भारतस्य प्राणशक्तिरिति प्राञ्च आनर्चुः ।

Or

Translate the passage from English to Samskrit :-

In the city of Ekachakra, the Pandavas stayed in the guise of brahmanas, begging their food in the brahmana streets and bringing what they got to their mother, would wait anxiously till their return. If they did not come back in time, she would be worried, fearing that some evil might have be fallen them.

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